

# Audit Strategy Memorandum

Trafford Metropolitan Borough Council

Year ending 31 March 2022



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Accounts and Audit Committee  
Trafford Metropolitan Borough Council  
Town Hall  
Talbot Road  
Stretford  
M32 0TH

20 July 2022

Dear Accounts and Audit Committee Members

## Audit Strategy Memorandum – Year ending 31 March 2022

We are pleased to present our Audit Strategy Memorandum for Trafford Metropolitan Borough Council for the year ending 31 March 2022. The purpose of this document is to summarise our audit approach, highlight significant audit risks and areas of key judgements and provide you with the details of our audit team. As it is a fundamental requirement that an auditor is, and is seen to be, independent of its clients, section 7 of this document also summarises our considerations and conclusions on our independence as auditors. We consider two-way communication with you to be key to a successful audit and important in:

- reaching a mutual understanding of the scope of the audit and the responsibilities of each of us;
- sharing information to assist each of us to fulfil our respective responsibilities;
- providing you with constructive observations arising from the audit process; and
- ensuring that we, as external auditors, gain an understanding of your attitude and views in respect of the internal and external operational, financial, compliance and other risks facing Trafford Metropolitan Borough Council which may affect the audit, including the likelihood of those risks materialising and how they are monitored and managed.

With that in mind, we see this document, which has been prepared following our initial planning discussions with management, as being the basis for a discussion around our audit approach, any questions, concerns or input you may have on our approach or role as auditor. This document also contains an appendix that outlines our key communications with you during the course of the audit,

Client service is extremely important to us and we strive to provide technical excellence with the highest level of service quality, together with continuous improvement to exceed your expectations so, if you have any concerns or comments about this document or audit approach, please contact me on 0161 238 9248.

Yours faithfully



Karen Murray

Mazars LLP

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Tel: 0161 238 9200 – [www.mazars.co.uk](http://www.mazars.co.uk)

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We are registered to carry on audit work in the UK by the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales. Details about our audit registration can be viewed at [www.auditregister.org.uk](http://www.auditregister.org.uk) under reference number C001139861. VAT number: 839 8356 73

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# 01

Section 01:

**Engagement and  
responsibilities summary**

# 1. Engagement and responsibilities summary

## Overview of engagement

We are appointed to perform the external audit of Trafford Metropolitan Borough Council for the year to 31 March 2022. The scope of our engagement is set out in the Statement of Responsibilities of Auditors and Audited Bodies, issued by Public Sector Audit Appointments Ltd (PSAA) available from the PSAA website: <https://www.psa.co.uk/managing-audit-quality/statement-of-responsibilities-of-auditors-and-audited-bodies/>. Our responsibilities are principally derived from the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 (the 2014 Act) and the Code of Audit Practice issued by the National Audit Office (NAO), as outlined below.

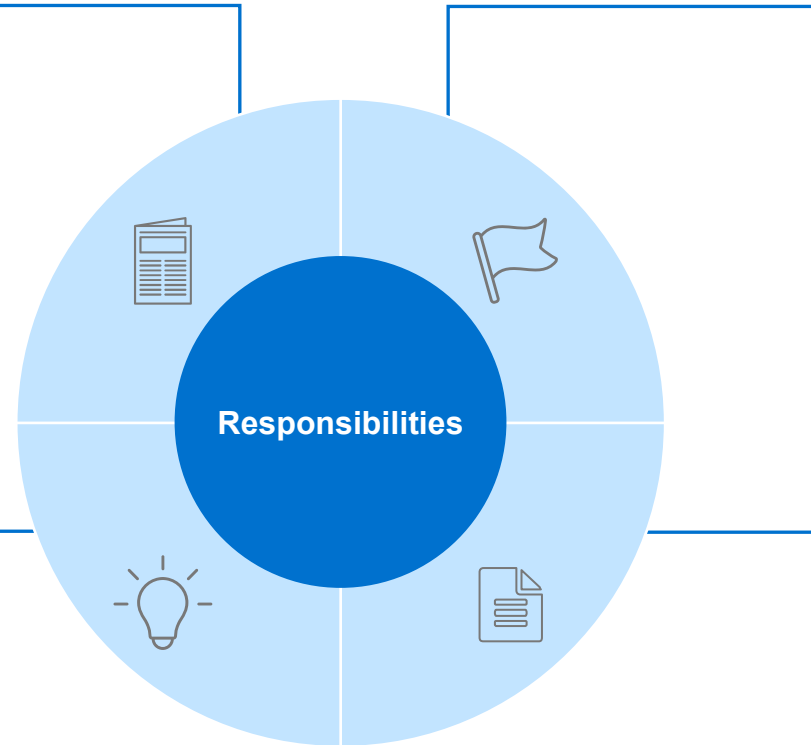
### Audit opinion

We are responsible for forming and expressing an opinion on the financial statements. Our audit does not relieve management or Accounts and Audit Committee, as those charged with governance, of their responsibilities.

The Director of Finance and Systems is responsible for the assessment of whether it is appropriate for the Council to prepare its accounts on a going concern basis. As auditors, we are required to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding and conclude on: a) whether a material uncertainty related to going concern exists; and b) consider the appropriateness of the Director of Finance and Systems' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements.

### Value for money

We are also responsible for forming a commentary on the arrangements that the Council has in place to secure economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources. We discuss our approach to Value for Money work further in section 5 of this report.



### Fraud

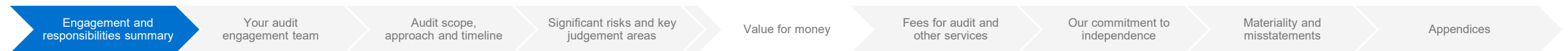
The responsibility for safeguarding assets and for the prevention and detection of fraud, error and non-compliance with law or regulations rests with both those charged with governance and management. This includes establishing and maintaining internal controls over reliability of financial reporting.

As part of our audit procedures in relation to fraud we are required to enquire of those charged with governance, including key management and include Internal audit as to their knowledge of instances of fraud, the risk of fraud and their views on internal controls that mitigate the fraud risks. In accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK), we plan and perform our audit so as to obtain reasonable assurance that the financial statements taken as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. However our audit should not be relied upon to identify all such misstatements.

### Wider reporting and electors' rights

We report to the NAO on the consistency of the Council's financial statements with its Whole of Government Accounts (WGA) submission.

The 2014 Act requires us to give an elector, or any representative of the elector, the opportunity to question us about the accounting records of the Council and consider any objection made to the accounts. We also have a broad range of reporting responsibilities and powers that are unique to the audit of local authorities in the United Kingdom



# 02

Section 02:

**Your audit engagement team**

# 2. Your audit engagement team

Your external audit service continues to be led by Karen Murray. A summary of key team members are detailed below:

Who	Role	E-mail
Karen Murray	Engagement Lead	<a href="mailto:karen.murray@mazars.co.uk">karen.murray@mazars.co.uk</a>
Muhammad Uzair Khan	Engagement Senior Manager	<a href="mailto:muhammad-uzair.khan@mazars.co.uk">muhammad-uzair.khan@mazars.co.uk</a>
Lesley Moya	Engagement Assistant Manager	<a href="mailto:lesley.moya@mazars.co.uk">lesley.moya@mazars.co.uk</a>



Engagement and responsibilities summary	<b>Your audit engagement team</b>	Audit scope, approach and timeline	Significant risks and key judgement areas	Value for money	Fees for audit and other services	Our commitment to independence	Materiality and misstatements	Appendices
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# 03

Section 03:

**Audit scope, approach and timeline**



# 3. Audit scope, approach and timeline

## Audit scope

Our audit is designed to comply with all professional requirements.

Our audit of the financial statements will be conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK), relevant ethical and professional standards, our own audit approach and in accordance with the terms of our engagement. Our work is focused on those aspects of your activities which we consider to have a higher risk of material misstatement, such as those impacted by management judgement and estimation, application of new accounting standards, changes of accounting policy, changes to operations or areas which have been found to contain material errors in the past.

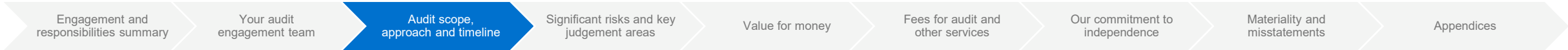
## Audit approach

Our audit approach is risk-based and is primarily driven by the issues we consider lead to a higher risk of material misstatement of the accounts. Once we have completed our risk assessment, we develop our audit strategy and design audit procedures in response to this assessment.

If we conclude that appropriately-designed controls are in place then we may plan to test and rely upon these controls. If we decide controls are not appropriately designed, or we decide it would be more efficient to do so, we may take a wholly substantive approach to our audit testing. Substantive procedures are audit procedures designed to detect material misstatements at the assertion level and comprise: tests of details (of classes of transactions, account balances, and disclosures); and substantive analytical procedures. Irrespective of the assessed risks of material misstatement, which take into account our evaluation of the operating effectiveness of controls, we are required to design and perform substantive procedures for each material class of transactions, account balance, and disclosure.

Our audit will be planned and performed so as to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement and give a true and fair view. The concept of materiality and how we define a misstatement is explained in more detail in section 8.

The diagram on the next page outlines the procedures we perform at the different stages of the audit.



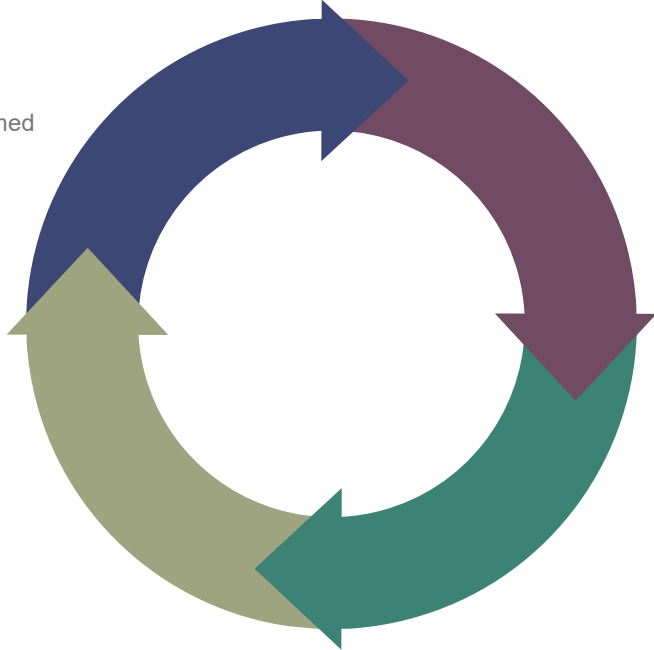
# 3. Audit scope, approach and timeline

## Planning March

- Planning visit and developing our understanding of the Council
- Initial opinion and value for money risk assessments
- Considering proposed accounting treatments and accounting policies
- Developing the audit strategy and planning the audit work to be performed
- Agreeing timetable and deadlines
- Preliminary analytical review

## Completion November

- Final review and disclosure checklist of financial statements
- Final partner review
- Agreeing content of letter of representation
- Reporting to the Accounts and Audit Committee
- Reviewing subsequent events
- Signing the auditor's report

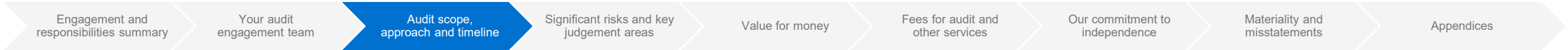


## Interim March-April

- Documenting systems and controls
- Performing walkthroughs
- Interim controls testing including tests of IT general controls
- Early substantive testing of transactions
- Reassessment of audit plan and revision if necessary

## Fieldwork October-November

- Receiving and reviewing draft financial statements
- Reassessment of audit plan and revision if necessary
- Executing the strategy starting with significant risks and high risk areas
- Communicating progress and issues
- Clearance meeting



# 3. Audit scope, approach and timeline

## Reliance on internal audit

Where possible, we utilise the work performed by internal audit to modify the nature, extent and timing of our audit procedures. We will meet with internal audit to discuss the progress and findings of their work prior to the commencement of our controls evaluation procedures.

## Management’s and our experts

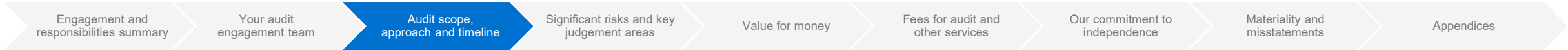
Management makes use of experts in specific areas when preparing the Council’s financial statements. We also use experts to assist us to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence on specific items of account.

Item of account	Management’s expert	Our expert
Defined benefit liability	Actuary (Hymans Robertson)	NAO’s consulting partner (PWC)
Property, plant and equipment valuation	Amey Consulting	We will take into account any relevant information which is available from third parties. We may instruct our own in-house valuation team to support us.
Valuation of shareholding in Manchester Airport Holdings Limited	BDO LLP	In-house Mazars valuation team
Financial instrument disclosures	Link Asset Services (formerly Capita)	We will review the methodology used by the expert to gain assurance that the fair value disclosures are materially correct
Valuation of Airport Land	Jacob	In-house Mazars valuation team

## Service organisations

International Auditing Standards (UK) (ISAs) define service organisations as third party organisations that provide services to the Council that are part of its information systems relevant to financial reporting. We are required to obtain an understanding of the services provided by service organisations as well as evaluating the design and implementation of controls over those services.

We have not identified any relevant service organisations.



# 3. Audit scope, approach and timeline

## Group audit approach

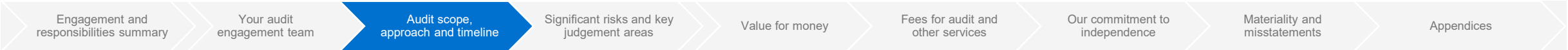
The Council’s group structure for 2021/22 will include one wholly owned subsidiary company, Trafford Leisure CIC Ltd, and one joint venture, Trafford Bruntwood LLP. In auditing the accounts of the Council’s Group financial statements we need to obtain assurance over the transactions in the Group relating to the Council’s subsidiary and joint venture.

Our approach will reflect the size and complexity of the transactions from the subsidiary company and joint venture that are consolidated into the Council’s Group financial statements. Our plan, based on our cumulative understanding obtained from the 2020/21 audit, and the values reported in the prior year financial statements, is that we will obtain assurance from group level analytical procedures. We do not plan to obtain specific assurance from the component auditors of the Council’s subsidiary company and Joint Venture

Entity	Significant by size	Significant risk	Auditor	Scope
Trafford MBC	Yes	Yes	Mazars LLP	Full
Trafford Leisure CIC	No	No	Mitchel Charlesworth LLP	Group level analytical procedures
Trafford Bruntwood LLP	No	No	Deloitte LLP	Group level analytical procedures

The Council has two further joint ventures following the acquisitions of Stretford Mall and the Stamford Quarter. Management are currently assessing the appropriate accounting treatment and disclosures relating to these joint ventures for 2021/22. We will review management’s proposed accounting treatments and assumptions once this assessment has been completed.

If there are any changes to our assessment of the significance of the Council’s group components, either through the size and complexity, or the significant risks at the components, we will communicate these changes to the Accounts and Audit Committee and amend our audit strategy as appropriate.



# 04

Section 04:

**Significant risks and other key judgement areas**

# 4. Significant risks and other key judgement areas

Following the risk assessment approach discussed in section 3 of this document, we have identified risks relevant to the audit of financial statements. The risks that we identify are categorised as significant, enhanced or standard. The definitions of the level of risk rating are given below:

### Significant risk

A significant risk is an identified and assessed risk of material misstatement that, in the auditor’s judgment, requires special audit consideration. For any significant risk, the auditor shall obtain an understanding of the entity’s controls, including control activities relevant to that risk.

### Enhanced risk

An enhanced risk is an area of higher assessed risk of material misstatement at audit assertion level other than a significant risk. Enhanced risks require additional consideration but does not rise to the level of a significant risk, these include but may not be limited to:

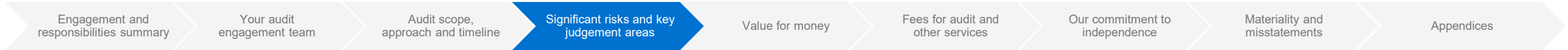
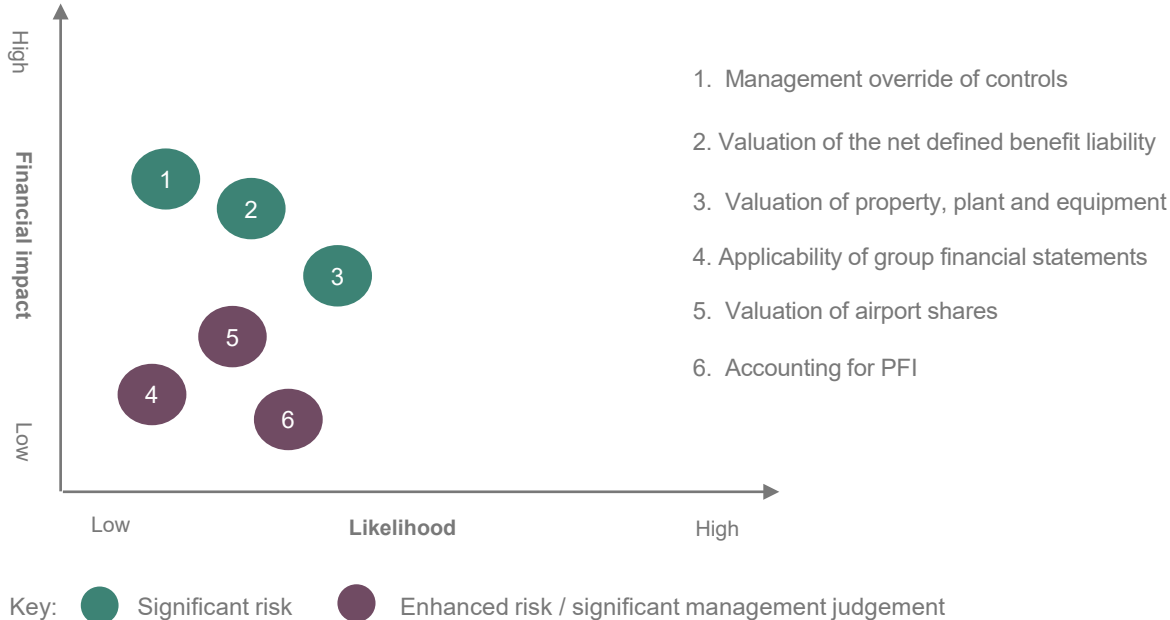
- key areas of management judgement, including accounting estimates which are material but are not considered to give rise to a significant risk of material misstatement; and
- other audit assertion risks arising from significant events or transactions that occurred during the period.

### Standard risk

This is related to relatively routine, non-complex transactions that tend to be subject to systematic processing and require little management judgement. Although it is considered that there is a risk of material misstatement (RMM), there are no elevated or special factors related to the nature, the likely magnitude of the potential misstatements or the likelihood of the risk occurring.

### Summary risk assessment

The summary risk assessment, illustrated in the table below, highlights those risks which we deem to be significant and other enhanced risks in respect of the Council. We have summarised our audit response to these risks on the next page.



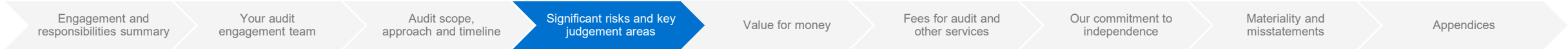
# 4. Significant risks and other key judgement areas

## Specific identified audit risks and planned testing strategy

We have presented below in more detail the reasons for the risk assessment highlighted above, and also our testing approach with respect to significant risks. An audit is a dynamic process, should we change our view of risk or approach to address the identified risks during the course of our audit, we will report this to Accounts and Audit Committee.

## Significant risks

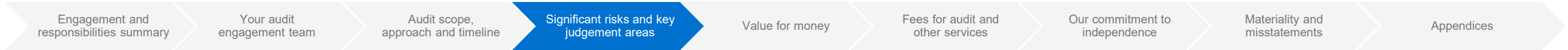
	Description	Fraud	Error	Judgement	Planned response
1	<p><b>Management override of controls</b> This is a mandatory significant risk on all audits due to the unpredictable way in which such override could occur.</p> <p>Management at various levels within an organisation are in a unique position to perpetrate fraud because of their ability to manipulate accounting records and prepare fraudulent financial statements by overriding controls that otherwise appear to be operating effectively. Due to the unpredictable way in which such override could occur there is a risk of material misstatement due to fraud on all audits.</p>	●	○	○	<p>We plan to address the management override of controls risk through performing audit work over:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• accounting estimates,</li> <li>• journal entries and</li> <li>• significant transactions outside the normal course of business or that are otherwise unusual.</li> </ul>



# 4. Significant risks and other key judgement areas

## Significant risks

	Description	Fraud	Error	Judgement	Planned response
2	<p><b>Net defined benefit liability valuation</b>                      The net pension liability represents a material element of the Council's balance sheet. The Council is an admitted body of Greater Manchester Pension Fund, which had its last triennial valuation completed as at 31 March 2019.</p> <p>The valuation of the Local Government Pension Scheme relies on a number of assumptions, most notably around the actuarial assumptions, and actuarial methodology which results in the Council's overall valuation.</p> <p>There are financial assumptions and demographic assumptions used in the calculation of the Council's valuation, such as the discount rate, inflation rates, and mortality rates. The assumptions should also reflect the profile of the Council's employees, and should be based on appropriate data. The basis of the assumptions is derived on a consistent basis year to year, or updated to reflect any changes.</p> <p>There is a risk that the assumptions and methodology used in valuing the Council's pension obligation are not reasonable or appropriate to the Council's circumstances. This could have a material impact to the net pension liability in 2021/22.</p>	○	●	●	<p>In relation to the valuation of the Council's defined benefit pension liability we will:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Critically assess the competency, objectivity and independence of the Greater Manchester Pension Fund's Actuary, Hymans Robertson;</li> <li>Liaise with the auditors of the Greater Manchester Pension Fund to gain assurance that the controls in place at the Pension Fund are operating effectively. This will include the processes and controls in place to ensure data provided to the Actuary by the Pension Fund for the purposes of the IAS19 valuation is complete and accurate;</li> <li>Test payroll transactions at the Council to provide assurance over the pension contributions which are deducted and paid to the Pension Fund by the Council;</li> <li>Review the appropriateness of the Pension Asset and Liability valuation methodologies applied by the Pension Fund Actuary, and the key assumptions included within the valuation. This will include comparing them to expected ranges, utilising information provided by PWC, consulting actuary engaged by the National Audit Office;</li> <li>Agree the data in the IAS 19 valuation report provided by the Fund Actuary for accounting purposes to the pension accounting entries and disclosures in the Council's financial statements.</li> </ul>

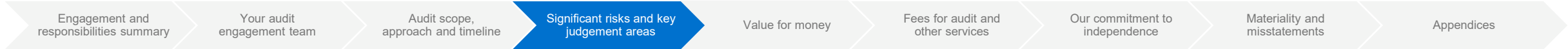




# 4. Significant risks and other key judgement areas

## Significant risks

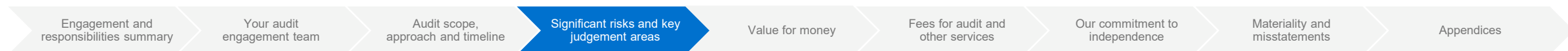
	Description	Fraud	Error	Judgement	Planned response
3	<p><b>Valuation of property, plant and equipment</b></p> <p>The financial statements contain material entries on the Balance Sheet as well as material disclosure notes in relation to the Council's holding of PPE and investment properties.</p> <p>The CIPFA Code requires that where assets are subject to revaluation, their year end carrying value should reflect the current value/fair value at that date. The Council has adopted a rolling revaluation model which sees all land and buildings revalued in a five year cycle.</p> <p>The valuation of Property, Plant &amp; Equipment involves the use of a management expert (the valuer), and incorporates assumptions and estimates which impact materially on the reported value. There are risks relating to the valuation process.</p> <p>As a result of the rolling programme of revaluations, there is a risk that individual assets which have not been revalued for up to four years are not valued at their materially correct value. In addition, as the valuations are undertaken through the year there is a risk that the value of the assets is materially different at the year end.</p> <p>Although the Council engages a valuation expert to provide information on valuations, there remains a high degree of estimation uncertainty associated with the revaluation of PPE and investment properties, as a results of the significant judgements and number of variables involved. We have therefore identified the revaluation of PPE and investment properties to be an area of significant risk.</p>	○	●	●	<p>We will review the approach that the Council has adopted to address the risk that assets not subject to valuation in 2021/22 are materially misstated and consider the robustness of that approach in light of the valuation information reported by the Council's valuers.</p> <p>In relation to the assets which have been revalued during the year, we will assess the Council's valuer's qualifications, objectivity and independence to carry out such valuations, and review the valuation methodology used, including testing the underlying data and assumptions. We will also critically assess the appropriateness of the underlying data and the key assumptions used in the valuer's calculations, using available third party evidence.</p> <p>In addition, we will consider movement in market indices between revaluation dates and the year end in order to determine whether these indicate that fair values have moved materially over that time.</p>



# 4. Significant risks and other key judgement areas

## Other key areas of management judgement and enhanced risks

	Description	Fraud	Error	Judgement	Planned response
4	<p><b>Applicability of Group Financial Statements</b></p> <p>The Council undertake an annual assessment to determine whether there have been any changes within the Council group boundary that would require the inclusion of other entities within the group accounts.</p> <p>The Council has made judgements around the group entities it considers and how it might consolidate transactions and balances into the group.</p>	○	●	●	We will review the 2021/22 assessment that the Council completes to determine whether there have been any changes within the group boundary that would require the inclusion of other entities within the group accounts.
5	<p><b>Valuation of shareholding in the Manchester Airport Group PLC</b></p> <p>The Council's shareholding in the Manchester Airport Group PLC has been valued by a firm of financial experts based on assumptions about financial performance, stability and key business projections. The figure disclosed in your accounts in relation to Manchester Airport Holdings Limited is at fair value.</p> <p>There is a risk that the assumptions and methodology used by your experts are not appropriate and we will need to obtain assurance that accounting entries are not materially misstated.</p>	○	●	●	<p>We plan to address this risk by</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>assessing the scope of work performed/terms of engagement, qualifications, objectivity and independence of the expert engaged to carry out the valuation assessment of the airport shares.</li> <li>Utilise the services of our internal valuation experts to review the work completed by BDO as the Management expert and evaluate the appropriateness of the assumptions applied to arrive at the figure in the financial statements.</li> </ul>
6	<p><b>Accounting for Private Finance Initiative (PFI) schemes</b></p> <p>In 2003 the Council entered into a 25 year PFI contract for the provision of new office and community facilities in Sale Town Centre.</p> <p>The Council has no new PFI schemes in 2021/22, and continues to make judgements that result in the Council accounting for the PFI assets and liabilities in its financial statements.</p>	○	●	●	We will consider the continued accounting treatment of the PFI scheme assets and liabilities as being in the Council's financial statements.



# 05

Section 05:

**Value for money**

# 5. Value for money

## The framework for Value for Money work

We are required to form a view as to whether the Council has made proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources. The NAO issues guidance to auditors that underpins the work we are required to carry out in order to form our view, and sets out the overall criterion and sub-criteria that we are required to consider.

2021/22 will be the second audit year where we are undertaking our value for money (VFM) work under the 2020 Code of Audit Practice (the Code). Our responsibility remains to be satisfied that the Council has proper arrangements in place and to report in the audit report and/or the audit completion certificate where we identify significant weaknesses in arrangements. Separately we provide a commentary on the Council's arrangements in the Auditor's Annual Report.

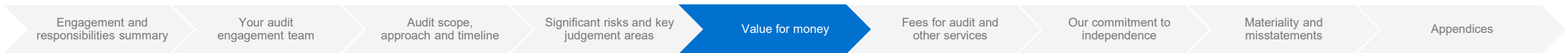
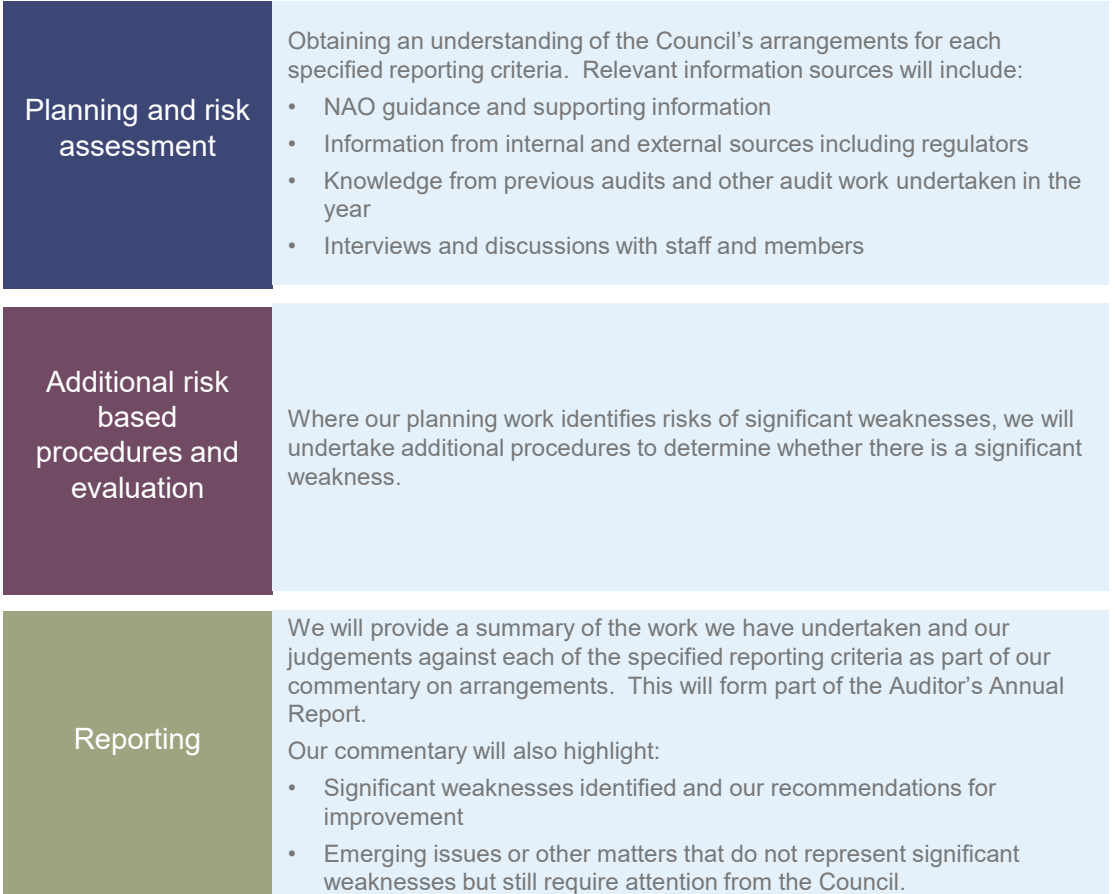
## Specified reporting criteria

The Code requires us to structure our commentary to report under three specified criteria:

1. **Financial sustainability** – how the Council plans and manages its resources to ensure it can continue to deliver its services
2. **Governance** – how the Council ensures that it makes informed decisions and properly manages its risks
3. **Improving economy, efficiency and effectiveness** – how the Council uses information about its costs and performance to improve the way it manages and delivers its services

## Our approach

Our work falls into three primary phases as outlined opposite. We need to gather sufficient evidence to support our commentary on the Council's arrangements and to identify and report on any significant weaknesses in arrangements. Where significant weaknesses are identified we are required to report these to the Council and make recommendations for improvement. Such recommendations can be made at any point during the audit cycle and we are not expected to wait until issuing our overall commentary to do so.



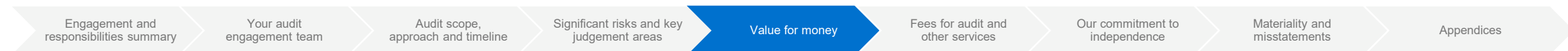
# 5. Value for money

## Identified risks of significant weaknesses in arrangements

The NAO's guidance requires us to carry out work at the planning stage to understand the Council's arrangements and to identify risks that significant weaknesses in arrangements may exist.

Although we have not fully completed our planning and risk assessment work, the table below outlines the risks of significant weaknesses in arrangements that we have identified to date. We will report any further identified risks to the Accounts and Audit Committee on completion of our planning and risk identification work.

	Risk of significant weakness in arrangements	Financial sustainability	Governance	Improving the 3Es	Planned procedures
1	<p><b>OFSTED inspection: children's social care services:</b></p> <p>In May 2019 Ofsted issued a report on its inspection of the Council's Children's Social Care Services. The inspection report concluded that the overall effectiveness of the Council's services for children is inadequate.</p> <p>These matters indicate a risk of significant weaknesses in proper arrangements</p>	○	●	●	<p>We will review the Council's response to the OFSTED inspection and resulting report. This will include reviewing the:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Progress the Council is making in implementing the action plan developed and submitted to OFSTED following the inspection and on receipt of the final report; and</li> <li>• internal oversight arrangements established by the Council to monitor progress in addressing the areas for improvement identified by the OFSTED</li> <li>• Consider the subsequent responses to the follow up activities by OFSTED through their focused inspection and monitoring visits.</li> </ul>

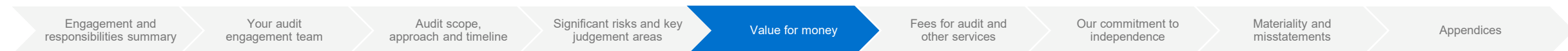


# 5. Value for money

## Our work to follow-up on previous recommendations

As part of our 2020/21 audit, we identified significant weaknesses in the Council's arrangements. The table below sets out the significant weaknesses identified, our previous recommendations and the work we intend to carry out as part of our 2021/22 audit.

Previously identified significant weakness in arrangements	Relevant reporting criteria	Our 2020/21 recommendations	Planned procedures for 2021/22
<p><b>OFSTED inspection: children's social care services:</b></p> <p>In March 2019 Trafford Children's Services was inspected by OFSTED under the Inspection of Local Authority Children's Service Framework. The report from this inspection was published in May 2019 and gave an overall rating of "inadequate" for the Council's service.</p> <p>This reflected a significant deterioration in the quality of the service since the previous inspection in 2015. OFSTED specifically reported that Senior Managers within the Council's service were not aware of the deterioration in performance and, had their inspection not taken place, the weaknesses would not have been recognised. The OFSTED report set out a number of areas for improvement both in terms of social care practice but also in leadership.</p> <p>Following the inspection, the Council took immediate action to respond to the findings. This included setting up an Improvement Board, with an Independent Chair, attended by senior politicians and senior officers from the Council and other key partners. The Board continues to provide oversight.</p> <p>A comprehensive action plan was also developed to address the findings in the report. This action plan is being implemented and is subject to regular review and updating in line with the Council's internal findings from quality assurance. Progress with this action plan is regularly monitored by the Improvement Board and the Department for Education through the involvement of an Improvement Advisor and a link officer.</p> <p>The Council recognises that a failure to address the weaknesses identified in the OFSTED report could adversely impact upon the safety of children</p>	<p>Governance</p> <p>Improving the 3 Es</p>	<p>We recommend the Council ensures it is fully embedding and can sustain the actions it has put in place to address the Children's Services issues identified by the OFSTED.</p> <p>In particular, the Council needs to ensure that social care practice is improved and is consistently focussed on outcomes for children and families. The performance management framework supporting this needs to be robust with appropriate monitoring, challenge and escalation arrangements in place.</p>	<p>We will review the continued progress the Council has made in embedding the actions and evidencing its improvements through the year.</p> <p>We will review internal and external reporting including any correspondence with OFSTED through the year</p>



# 06

Section 06:

**Fees for audit and other services**

## 6. Fees for audit and other services

### Fees for work as the Council's appointed auditor

Details of the proposed 2020/21 and 2021/22 fees are set out below:

Area of work	2021/22 Proposed Fee	2020/21 Actual Fee
Code Audit Work	£91,008	£91,008
Additional Testing on Property, Plant & Equipment and Defined Benefit Pensions Schemes as a result of changes in regulatory expectations	To be confirmed	£14,461*
Additional testing as a result of the implementation of new auditing standards: ISA 220 (Revised); ISA 540 (Revised); ISA570 (Revised); and ISA 600 (Revised)	To be confirmed	£2,043*
Additional work arising from the change in the Code of Audit Practice	To be confirmed	£12,998*
<b>Total</b>	To be confirmed	<b>£120,510</b>

\* Fee variations subject to approval and confirmation by Public Sector Appointments Ltd.

### Fees for non-audit work

We have not been engaged by the Council to carry out additional work

Before agreeing to undertake any additional work, we consider whether there are any actual, potential or perceived threats to our independence.

Further information about our responsibilities in relation to independence is provided in section 7.

Engagement and responsibilities summary

Your audit engagement team

Audit scope, approach and timeline

Significant risks and key judgement areas

Value for money

**Fees for audit and other services**

Our commitment to independence

Materiality and misstatements

Appendices



# 07

Section 07:

**Our commitment to independence**

# 7. Our commitment to independence

We are committed to independence and are required by the Financial Reporting Council to confirm to you at least annually in writing that we comply with the FRC's Ethical Standard. In addition, we communicate any matters or relationship which we believe may have a bearing on our independence or the objectivity of the audit team.

Based on the information provided by you and our own internal procedures to safeguard our independence as auditors, we confirm that in our professional judgement there are no relationships between us and any of our related or subsidiary entities, and you and your related entities creating any unacceptable threats to our independence within the regulatory or professional requirements governing us as your auditors.

We have policies and procedures in place which are designed to ensure that we carry out our work with integrity, objectivity and independence. These policies include:

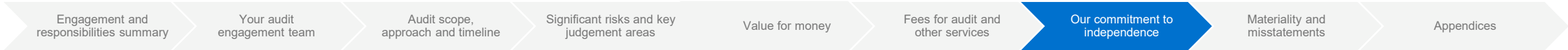
- all partners and staff are required to complete an annual independence declaration;
- all new partners and staff are required to complete an independence confirmation and also complete computer based ethical training;
- rotation policies covering audit engagement partners and other key members of the audit team; and
- use by managers and partners of our client and engagement acceptance system which requires all non-audit services to be approved in advance by the audit engagement partner.

We confirm, as at the date of this document, that the engagement team and others in the firm as appropriate, Mazars LLP are independent and comply with relevant ethical requirements. However, if at any time you have concerns or questions about our integrity, objectivity or independence please discuss these with Karen Murray in the first instance.

Prior to the provision of any non-audit services Karen Murray will undertake appropriate procedures to consider and fully assess the impact that providing the service may have on our auditor independence.

No threats to our independence have been identified.

Any emerging independence threats and associated identified safeguards will be communicated in our Audit Completion Report.



# 08

Section 08:

**Materiality and misstatements**

# 8. Materiality and misstatements

## Summary of initial materiality thresholds

Threshold	Group £'000s	Council £'000s
Overall materiality	£11,590	£11,500
Performance materiality	£9,270	£9,200
Specific materiality		
Disclosure in respect of Senior Officer Remuneration	N/A	5*
Trivial threshold for errors to be reported to Accounts and Audit Committee	£347	£345

\* Reflecting movement from one salary band to another

## Materiality

Materiality is an expression of the relative significance or importance of a particular matter in the context of financial statements as a whole.

Misstatements in financial statements are considered to be material if they, individually or in aggregate, could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial statements.

Judgements on materiality are made in light of surrounding circumstances and are affected by the size and nature of a misstatement, or a combination of both. Judgements about materiality are based on consideration of the common financial information needs of users as a group and not on specific individual users.

The assessment of what is material is a matter of professional judgement and is affected by our perception of the financial information needs of the users of the financial statements. In making our assessment we assume that users:

- have a reasonable knowledge of business, economic activities and accounts;
- have a willingness to study the information in the financial statements with reasonable diligence;
- understand that financial statements are prepared, presented and audited to levels of materiality;
- recognise the uncertainties inherent in the measurement of amounts based on the use of estimates, judgement and the consideration of future events; and
- will make reasonable economic decisions on the basis of the information in the financial statements.

We consider materiality whilst planning and performing our audit based on quantitative and qualitative factors.

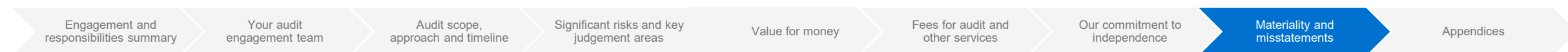
Whilst planning, we make judgements about the size of misstatements which we consider to be material and which provides a basis for determining the nature, timing and extent of risk assessment procedures, identifying and assessing the risk of material misstatement and determining the nature, timing and extent of further audit procedures.

The materiality determined at the planning stage does not necessarily establish an amount below which uncorrected misstatements, either individually or in aggregate, will be considered as immaterial.

We revise materiality for the financial statements as our audit progresses should we become aware of information that would have caused us to determine a different amount had we been aware of that information at the planning stage.

Our provisional materiality is set based on a benchmark of gross expenditure. We will identify a figure for materiality but identify separate levels for procedures designed to detect individual errors, and also a level above which all identified errors will be reported to Accounts and Audit Committee.

We consider that the gross expenditure remains the key focus of users of the financial statements and, as such, we base our materiality levels around this benchmark.



# 8. Materiality and misstatements

## Materiality (continued)

We expect to set a materiality threshold at 2% of gross expenditure. Based on audited financial statements for 2020/21. We anticipate the overall materiality for the year ending 31 March 2022 to be in the region of £11.590m ( £11.42m in the prior year) for the group financial statements and £11.5m (£11.27m in the prior year) for the Council financial statements.

After setting initial materiality, we continue to monitor materiality throughout the audit to ensure that it is set at an appropriate level.

## Performance Materiality

Performance materiality is the amount or amounts set by the auditor at less than materiality for the financial statements as a whole to reduce, to an appropriately low level, the probability that the aggregate of uncorrected and undetected misstatements exceeds materiality for the financial statements as a whole. Our initial assessment of performance materiality is based on our assessment of a low inherent risk, meaning that we have applied 80% of overall materiality as our level of performance materiality.

## Misstatements

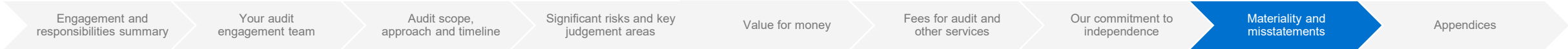
We accumulate misstatements identified during the audit that are other than clearly trivial. We set a level of triviality for individual errors identified (a reporting threshold) for reporting to Accounts and Audit Committee that is consistent with the level of triviality that we consider would not need to be accumulated because we expect

that the accumulation of such amounts would not have a material effect on the financial statements. Based on our preliminary assessment of overall materiality, our proposed triviality threshold is £347k for the Group and £345k for the Council based on 3% of overall materiality. If you have any queries about this please do not hesitate to raise these with Karen Murray.

## Reporting to Accounts and Audit Committee

The following three types of audit differences above the trivial threshold will be presented to Accounts and Audit Committee :

- summary of adjusted audit differences;
- summary of unadjusted audit differences; and
- summary of disclosure differences (adjusted and unadjusted).





## Appendix: Key communication points

# Appendix: Key communication points

We value communication with Those Charged With Governance as a two way feedback process at the heart of our client service commitment. ISA 260 (UK) 'Communication with Those Charged with Governance' and ISA 265 (UK) 'Communicating Deficiencies In Internal Control To Those Charged With Governance And Management' specifically require us to communicate a number of points with you.

Relevant points that need to be communicated with you at each stage of the audit are outlined below.

## Form, timing and content of our communications

We will present the following reports:

- Audit Strategy Memorandum;
- Audit Completion Report; and
- Auditor's Annual Report

These documents will be discussed with management prior to being presented to yourselves and their comments will be incorporated as appropriate.

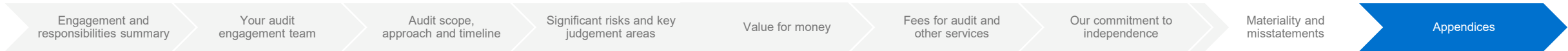
## Key communication points at the planning stage as included in this Audit Strategy Memorandum

- Our responsibilities in relation to the audit of the financial statements;
- The planned scope and timing of the audit;
- Significant audit risks and areas of management judgement;

- Our commitment to independence;
- Responsibilities for preventing and detecting errors;
- Materiality and misstatements; and
- Fees for audit and other services.

## Key communication points at the completion stage to be included in our Audit Completion Report

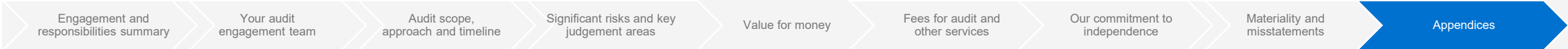
- Significant deficiencies in internal control;
- Significant findings from the audit;
- Significant matters discussed with management;
- Our conclusions on the significant audit risks and areas of management judgement;
- Summary of misstatements;
- Management representation letter;
- Our proposed draft audit report; and
- Independence.



# Appendix: Key communication points

ISA (UK) 260 'Communication with Those Charged with Governance', ISA (UK) 265 'Communicating Deficiencies In Internal Control To Those Charged With Governance And Management' and other ISAs (UK) specifically require us to communicate the following:

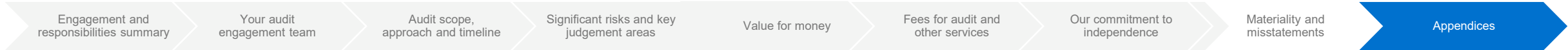
Required communication	Where addressed
Our responsibilities in relation to the financial statement audit and those of management and those charged with governance.	Audit Strategy Memorandum
The planned scope and timing of the audit including any limitations, specifically including with respect to significant risks.	Audit Strategy Memorandum
With respect to misstatements: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• uncorrected misstatements and their effect on our audit opinion;</li> <li>• the effect of uncorrected misstatements related to prior periods;</li> <li>• a request that any uncorrected misstatement is corrected; and</li> <li>• in writing, corrected misstatements that are significant.</li> </ul>	Audit Completion Report
With respect to fraud communications: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• enquiries of Accounts and Audit Committee to determine whether they have a knowledge of any actual, suspected or alleged fraud affecting the entity;</li> <li>• any fraud that we have identified or information we have obtained that indicates that fraud may exist; and</li> <li>• a discussion of any other matters related to fraud.</li> </ul>	Audit Completion Report and discussion at Accounts and Audit Committee , Audit planning and clearance meetings





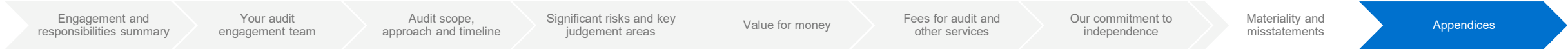
# Appendix: Key communication points

Required communication	Where addressed
<p>Significant matters arising during the audit in connection with the entity's related parties including, when applicable:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• non-disclosure by management;</li> <li>• inappropriate authorisation and approval of transactions;</li> <li>• disagreement over disclosures;</li> <li>• non-compliance with laws and regulations; and</li> <li>• difficulty in identifying the party that ultimately controls the entity.</li> </ul>	<p>Audit Completion Report</p>
<p>Significant findings from the audit including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• our view about the significant qualitative aspects of accounting practices including accounting policies, accounting estimates and financial statement disclosures;</li> <li>• significant difficulties, if any, encountered during the audit;</li> <li>• significant matters, if any, arising from the audit that were discussed with management or were the subject of correspondence with management;</li> <li>• written representations that we are seeking;</li> <li>• expected modifications to the audit report; and</li> <li>• other matters, if any, significant to the oversight of the financial reporting process or otherwise identified in the course of the audit that we believe will be relevant to Accounts and Audit Committee in the context of fulfilling their responsibilities.</li> </ul>	<p>Audit Completion Report</p>
<p>Significant deficiencies in internal controls identified during the audit.</p>	<p>Audit Completion Report</p>
<p>Where relevant, any issues identified with respect to authority to obtain external confirmations or inability to obtain relevant and reliable audit evidence from other procedures.</p>	<p>Audit Completion Report</p>



# Appendix: Key communication points

Required communication	Where addressed
<p>Audit findings regarding non-compliance with laws and regulations where the non-compliance is material and believed to be intentional (subject to compliance with legislation on tipping off) and enquiry of Accounts and Audit Committee into possible instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations that may have a material effect on the financial statements and the Accounts and Audit Committee may be aware of.</p>	<p>Audit Completion Report and Accounts and Audit Committee meetings</p>
<p>With respect to going concern, events or conditions identified that may cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, including:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• whether the events or conditions constitute a material uncertainty;</li> <li>• whether the use of the going concern assumption is appropriate in the preparation and presentation of the financial statements; and</li> <li>• the adequacy of related disclosures in the financial statements.</li> </ul>	<p>Audit Completion Report</p>
<p>Reporting on the valuation methods applied to the various items in the consolidated financial statements including any impact of changes of such methods</p>	<p>Audit Completion Report</p>
<p>Explanation of the scope of consolidation and the exclusion criteria applied by the entity to the non-consolidated entities, if any, and whether those criteria applied are in accordance with the relevant financial reporting framework.</p>	<p>Audit Strategy Memorandum and/or Audit Completion Report as appropriate</p>
<p>Where applicable, identification of any audit work performed by component auditors in relation to the audit of the consolidated financial statements other than by Mazars' member firms</p>	<p>Audit Strategy Memorandum and/or Audit Completion Report as appropriate</p>
<p>Indication of whether all requested explanations and documents were provided by the entity</p>	<p>Audit Completion Report</p>



# Karen Murray, Partner

## **Mazars**

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Mazars is an internationally integrated partnership, specialising in audit, accountancy, advisory, tax and legal services\*. Operating in over 90 countries and territories around the world, we draw on the expertise of 40,400 professionals – 24,400 in Mazars' integrated partnership and 16,000 via the Mazars North America Alliance – to assist clients of all sizes at every stage in their development.

\*where permitted under applicable country laws.